### E2 MOTO WASH - 43702

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: E2 MOTO WASH

Product code: 43702

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Concentrated motorcycle cleaner

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: MOTUL

Address: 119, Boulevard Felix Faure. 93300 AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX FRANCE

Telephone: 33.1.48.11.70.00. Fax: 33.1.48.33.28.79. Telex: .

Email: motul\_hse@motul.fr

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation: ORFILA.

#### Other emergency numbers

BRAZIL: +55 11 3197 5891 / COLOMBIA: +57 1 508 7337 / ARGENTINA: +54 11 5984 3690 / CHILE: +562 2582 9336

Ireland: +353 1 8092566

UNITED STATES: 001 866 928 0789 / CANADA: 001 800 579 7421 / MEXICO: +52 55 5004 8763 / MIDDLE EAST - AFRICA: +44 1235

239671

24 hours a day, 7 days a week

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

# 2.2. Label elements

Detergent mixture (see section 15).

Mixture for spray application.

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS05

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers :

EC 500-058-1 OCTAN-1-OL, ETHOXYLATED

EC 500-234-8 ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED, SULFATES, SODIUM SALTS

Additional labeling:

EUH208 Contains METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements :

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements - General :

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures



### Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 102-71-6		[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 203-049-8			
REACH: 01-2119486482-31			
2,2',2"-NITRILOTRIETHANOL			
CAS: 27252-75-1	GHS05		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 500-058-1	Dgr		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
OCTAN-1-OL, ETHOXYLATED			
CAS: 68891-38-3	GHS05		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 500-234-8	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119488639-16	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED,	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
SULFATES, SODIUM SALTS			
CAS: 64-02-8	GHS07, GHS05, GHS08		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 200-573-9	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119486762-27	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
TETRASODIUM	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	STOT RE 2, H373		
CAS: 55965-84-9	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09		0 <= x % < 1
	Dgr		
METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE,MET	Acute Tox. 3, H301		
HYLISOTHIAZOLINONE	Acute Tox. 2, H310		
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Acute Tox. 1, H330		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 100		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 100		
	EUH:071		

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)



# Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

Remove the victim to fresh air. If the symptoms persist, call a physician.



# In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

Immediately remove all soiled clothing.

Wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water.

#### In the event of swallowing:

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media



# Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

High volume water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

## For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

# For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

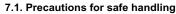
# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**



Always wash hands after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

Avoid contact with eyes.

# Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment.

No smokina.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid eye contact with this mixture at all times.

Ensure good ventilation at the workplace

### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour, spray.

### / 1.2. COI

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Only use hydrocarbon-resistant containers, joints and pipes.

Keep from freezing.

### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

#### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**



#### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
102-71-6	5 mg/m3					

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.

Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

# Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

When spraying, wear a face shield in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

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- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Breathing apparatus only when aerosol or spray are formed.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### General information:

Physical state:

Important health, safety and environmental information				
pH:	Not relevant.			
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.			
Vapour pressure (50°C):	Not relevant.			
Density:	>1			
Water solubility:	Dilutable.			
Viscosity:	v < 7 mm2/s (40°C)			
Self-ignition temperature :	250 °C.			
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	250 °C.			

Fluid liquid.

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.



### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- frost

Keep away from heat and from sources of ignition

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants

Acids

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

### 11.1.1. Substances



# Acute toxicity:

METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE (CAS: 55965-84-9)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist): LC50 = 0.33 mg/l

Species : Rat

Duration of exposure : 4 h

### 11.1.2. Mixture

#### Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

# **?**

# Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

Mild eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

### Aspiration hazard:

"Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the respiratory system in very susceptible persons."

May cause lung damage if swallowed

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### Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 102-71-6: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity



#### 12.1.1. Substances

ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED, SULFATES, SODIUM SALTS (CAS: 68891-38-3)

Fish toxicity: NOEC > 1 mg/l

Species : Leuciscus idus

Crustacean toxicity: 0,1 < NOEC <= 1 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna

METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE (CAS: 55965-84-9)

Fish toxicity: 0.001 < LC50 <= 0.01 mg/l

Factor M = 100

Duration of exposure: 96 h

0,00001 < NOEC <= 0,0001 mg/l

Factor M = 100



# 12.1.2. Mixtures

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability



# 12.2.1. Substances

METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE (CAS: 55965-84-9)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED, SULFATES, SODIUM SALTS (CAS: 68891-38-3)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.



### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Water soluble

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

# German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 1 : Slightly hazardous for water.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

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### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture



- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/1480 (ATP 13)

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2019/521 (ATP 12)

- Container information:

No data available.

# - Particular provisions :

No data available.

## - Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006):

- less than 5 % : phosphonates

- less than 5 % : anionic surfactants

- less than 5 % : nonionic surfactants

- less than 5 %: EDTA and salts thereof

- preservation agents

methyl chlorois othiazolinone, methylis othiazolinone

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws) :

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704): NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=3 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

# **(**

# Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### Abbreviations:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS05 : Corrosion

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.